



Quantum Technologies

Kiril Chukanov

The concept of ‘quantum energy’, or the energy of space, may seem puzzling at first. After all, there is no such thing as free energy. Or is there? For decades people were observing the mysterious natural phenomenon of ball lightning which radiates an enormous amount of energy in form of light and heat, making it a source of abundant free energy.

Artificially created ball lightning can produce a quantum free energy in form of photon radiation or electricity. The efficiency and the energy level of the radiated quantum photons depend on the scale of the process. The quantum energy process becomes a “stand-alone” process for microwave input power bigger than 100 KW.

I have built two quantum energy devices – Angelina-IV and Angelina-V., however they are not “stand-alone” QE devices. They produce a lot of Free Quantum Energy (mostly in form of photon-radiation), but we cannot convert this energy into the form of electricity in order to create a closed loop device.

The problem here is in the scale of the QE generator. Our research shows that QE becomes very efficient after some level of the input microwave power-after about 100 KW microwave power. After this power level QE generators can produce thousands of times more QE power than input power.

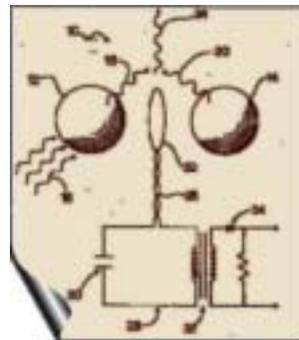
Neutrino Power and the Existence of Scalar Waves

Reproduction of scalar-wave effects Tesla had measured 100 years ago.

Prof Konstantin Meyl

It will be shown that scalar waves, normally remaining unnoticed, are very interesting in practical use for information and energy technology for reason of their special attributes. The mathematical and physical derivations are supported by practical experiments. The demonstration will show:

1. the wireless transmission of electrical energy (a rebuild of Tesla’s experiment),
2. the reaction of the receiver to the transmitter (just used in transponder-engineering),
3. Free Energy with an over-unity-effect,



Today we face a destabilizing dependency on irreplaceable fossil fuels which are also rapidly dwindling. A real need exists for a portable source of power that can compete with fossil fuel and its energy density. A further need exists for a fuelless source of power which, by definition, does not require re-fueling. One possible source could be *zero-point energy* (ZPE).

A major feasibility study by Integrity Research Institute placed its emphasis on the practical potential for ZPE energy conversion, especially in view of recent advances in nanotechnology, than in the theory. With primary reference to the works of Casimir, Pinto, Mead and Milonni, key principles for the proposed



effect, (if there is a source of field-energy in the environment to go in resonance with),

4. transmitting of scalar waves with 1.5 times the speed of light (as Tesla had shown 100 years ago)
5. the inefficiency of a Faraday cage to shield scalar waves.
6. the transmission over a long distance showing it is not a near-field-effect
7. the modulation of a passive receiver send signals to another receiver of scalar waves

See Proof of Tesla’s Wireless Theory!

Feasibility Of Zero-point Energy Extraction From The Quantum Vacuum For Useful Work

Thomas Valone, PhD, PE

extraction of energy for useful work are identified and analyzed. These principles fall into the thermodynamic, fluidic, mechanical, and electromagnetic areas of primary, force-like quantities that apply to all energy systems.

A search of ZPE literature reveals that these principles also apply to the quantum level. The most feasible modalities for the conversion of zero-point energy into useful work, such as the fluctuation-driven transport of an electron ratchet, the quantum Brownian nonthermal rectifiers, and the Photo-Carnot engine are also explored in more detail. Specific suggestions for further research in this area conclude this presentation with a section devoted to summary, conclusions and recommendations.